

reviews.<sup>5</sup> Accordingly, the NME entity will not be under review unless Commerce specifically receives a request for, or self-initiates, a review of the NME entity.6 In administrative reviews of antidumping duty orders on merchandise from NME countries where a review of the NME entity has not been initiated, but where an individual exporter for which a review was initiated does not qualify for a separate rate, Commerce will issue a final decision indicating that the company in question is part of the NME entity. However, in that situation, because no review of the NME entity was conducted, the NME entity's entries were not subject to the review and the rate for the NME entity is not subject to change as a result of that review (although the rate for the individual exporter may change as a function of the finding that the exporter is part of the NME entity). Following initiation of an antidumping administrative review when there is no review requested of the NME entity, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate entries for all exporters not named in the initiation notice, including those that were suspended at the NME entity rate.

All requests must be filed electronically in Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS) on Enforcement and Compliance's ACCESS website at <a href="http://access.trade.gov.7">http://access.trade.gov.7</a> Further, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303(f)(l)(i), a copy of each request must be served on the petitioner and each exporter or producer specified in the request.

Commerce will publish in the **Federal Register** a notice of "Initiation of Administrative Review of Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation" for requests received by the last day of May 2019. If Commerce does not receive, by the last day of May 2019, a request for review of entries covered by an order, finding, or suspended investigation listed in this notice and for the period identified above, Commerce will

instruct CBP to assess antidumping or countervailing duties on those entries at a rate equal to the cash deposit of estimated antidumping or countervailing duties required on those entries at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption and to continue to collect the cash deposit previously ordered.

For the first administrative review of any order, there will be no assessment of antidumping or countervailing duties on entries of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the relevant provisional-measures "gap" period of the order, if such a gap period is applicable to the period of review.

This notice is not required by statute but is published as a service to the international trading community.

Dated: April 22, 2019.

#### James Maeder,

Associate Deputy Assistant Director for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations performing the duties of Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

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### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration [C-533-884]

# Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine From India: Affirmative Final Determination

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of glycine from India during the period of investigation (POI), January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017.

DATES: Applicable May 1, 2019.

### **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Davina Friedmann or Julie Geiger, AD/

Davina Friedmann or Julie Geiger, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–0698 and (202) 482–2057, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Background**

On September 4, 2018, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Determination* in the countervailing duty (CVD) investigation

of glycine from India, which aligned the final determination in this CVD investigation with the final determination in the companion antidumping duty (AD) investigation of glycine from India. A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the *Preliminary Determination* may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum that is dated concurrently with this determination and hereby adopted by this notice. <sup>2</sup>

Commerce exercised its discretion to toll all deadlines affected by the partial federal government closure from December 22, 2018, through the resumption of operations on January 29, 2019.<sup>3</sup> If the new deadline falls on a non-business day, in accordance with Commerce's practice, the deadline will become the next business day. Accordingly, the revised deadline for the final determination is now April 24, 2019.

### **Period of Investigation**

The POI is January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017.

### **Scope of the Investigation**

The product covered by this investigation is glycine from India. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, *see* Appendix I.

### **Scope Comments**

We invited parties to comment on Commerce's Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum.<sup>4</sup> Commerce has reviewed the briefs submitted by interested parties, considered the arguments therein, and has made no changes to the scope of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Antidumping Proceedings: Announcement of Change in Department Practice for Respondent Selection in Antidumping Duty Proceedings and Conditional Review of the Nonmarket Economy Entity in NME Antidumping Duty Proceedings, 78 FR 65963 (November 4, 2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b)(1), parties should specify that they are requesting a review of entries from exporters comprising the entity, and to the extent possible, include the names of such exporters in their request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Electronic Filing Procedures; Administrative Protective Order Procedures, 76 FR 39263 (July 6, 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Glycine from India: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Determination with Final Antidumping Duty Determination, 83 FR 44859 (September 4, 2018) (Preliminary Determination), and accompanying Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Affirmative Preliminary Determination: Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India," dated August 27, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Determination of the Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Memorandum to the Record from Gary Taverman, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, "Deadlines Affected by the Partial Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated January 28, 2019. All deadlines in this segment of the proceeding have been extended by 40 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Memorandum, "Glycine from India, Japan, the People's Republic of China and Thailand: Scope Comments Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Determinations," dated August 27, 2018 (Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum).

investigation. For further discussion, see Commerce's Scope Comments Final Decision Memorandum.<sup>5</sup>

### **Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the parties' briefs are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice. A list of issues addressed is attached as Appendix II to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http:// access.trade.gov; the Issues and Decision Memorandum is available to all parties in the Central Records Unit (CRU), Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at http:// enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed and electronic versions of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

### Methodology

Commerce conducted this investigation in accordance with section 701 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). For each subsidy program found countervailable, Commerce determines that there is a subsidy, *i.e.*, a financial contribution by an "authority" that gives rise to a benefit to the recipient, and that the subsidy is specific.<sup>6</sup> For a full description of the methodology underlying our final determination, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

### Verification

As provided in section 782(i) of the Act, in September and October 2018, we conducted verification of the information reported by the Government of India, mandatory respondents Kumar Industries, India (Kumar) and Paras Intermediates Private Limited (Paras), as well as Avid Organics, Private Limited (Avid), for use in the final determination. We used standard verification procedures, including an examination of relevant accounting

records and original source documents provided by the respondents.<sup>7</sup>

### **Changes Since the Preliminary Determination**

Based on our analysis of comments received, as well as minor corrections and additional items discovered at verification, we made certain changes to the respondents' subsidy rate calculations set forth in the *Preliminary Determination*. As a result of these changes, we have also revised the "allothers" rate. For a discussion of these changes, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum and the Final Calculation Memoranda.<sup>8</sup>

### **All-Others Rate**

In accordance with section 705(c)(1)(B)(i)(I) of the Act, Commerce calculated a countervailable subsidy rate for the individually examined exporters/producers of subject merchandise. Section 705(c)(5)(A) of the Act provides that Commerce shall determine an estimated all-others rate for companies not individually examined. This rate shall be an amount equal to the weighted average of the estimated subsidy rates established for those companies individually examined, excluding any zero and de minimis rates, and any rates based entirely under section 776 of the Act. In this investigation, we calculated individual estimated countervailable subsidy rates for Kumar and Paras that are not zero, de minimis, or based entirely on facts available. Because we do not have publicly ranged data from all company respondents with which to calculate the all-others rate using a weighted-average of individual

estimated subsidy rates, pursuant to our practice, 9 we calculated a simple average of the two responding companies' rates.

#### **Final Determination**

Commerce determines that the following final countervailable subsidy rates exist for this investigation:

Company	Subsidy rate (percent)
Kumar Industries, India Paras Intermediates Private Lim-	6.99
ited	3.03 5.01

#### Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose to interested parties the calculations performed in connection with this final determination within five days of any public announcement of our final determination in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

### Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

As a result of our *Preliminary* Determination, and pursuant to sections 703(d)(1)(B) and (2) of the Act, we instructed U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of all entries of merchandise under consideration from India that were entered or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, on or after September 4, 2018, the date of publication of the Preliminary Determination in the Federal Register. In accordance with section 703(d) of the Act, we issued instructions to CBP to discontinue the suspension of liquidation for CVD purposes for subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, on or after January 2, 2019, but to continue the suspension of liquidation of all entries from September 4, 2018, through January 1, 2019.

If the U.S. International Trade Commission (the ITC) issues a final affirmative injury determination, we will issue a CVD order and will reinstate the suspension of liquidation under section 706(a) of the Act and will require a cash deposit of estimated countervailing duties for such entries of subject merchandise in the amounts indicated above. If the ITC determines that material injury, or threat of material injury, does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all estimated duties deposited or securities posted as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Memorandum, "Glycine from India, Japan, the People's Republic of China and Thailand: Scope Comments Decision Memorandum for the Final Determinations," dated April 24, 2019 (Scope Comments Final Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See sections 771(5)(B) and (D) of the Act regarding financial contribution; section 771(5)(E) of the Act regarding benefit; and section 771(5A) of the Act regarding specificity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Memorandum, "Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India; Verification of Verification of Paras Intermediates Private Limited," dated November 23, 2018 (Paras Verification Report); see also Memorandum, "Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India; Verification of the Questionnaire Response Submitted by the Government of India," dated December 11, 2018 (GOI Verification Report); Memorandum, "Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India; Verification of Kumar Industries, India Questionnaire Responses," dated December 11, 2018 (Kumar Verification Report); Memorandum, "Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India; Verification of Avid Organics Pvt. Ltd. Questionnaire Responses," dated December 13, 2018 (Avid Verification Report).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Memoranda, "Final Determination of Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India: Calculation Memorandum for Kumar Industries, India," "Final Determination of Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India: Calculation Memorandum for Avid Organics Pvt. Ltd.," and "Final Determination of Countervailing Duty Investigation of Glycine from India: Calculation Memorandum for Paras Intermediates Private Limited," each dated concurrently with this notice (Final Calculation Memoranda).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See, e.g., Countervailing Duty Investigation of Fine Denier Polyester Staple Fiber from the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determination, 83 FR 3120, 3121 (January 23, 2018).

a result of the suspension of liquidation will be refunded or canceled.

### **International Trade Commission Notification**

In accordance with section 705(d) of the Act, we will notify the ITC of our final determination. Because Commerce's final determination is affirmative, in accordance with section 705(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation of glycine, no later than 45 days after this final determination. If the ITC determines that such injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated and all cash deposits posted will be refunded. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue a countervailing duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, countervailing duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed above in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section.

### Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Orders

This notice will serve as a reminder to the parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of propriety information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

#### **Notification to Interested Parties**

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 705(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: April 24, 2019.

### Jeffrey I. Kessler,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

### Appendix I

### Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is glycine at any purity level or grade. This includes glycine of all purity levels, which covers all forms of crude or technical glycine including, but not limited to, sodium glycinate, glycine slurry and any other forms of amino acetic acid or glycine.

Subject merchandise also includes glycine and precursors of dried crystalline glycine that are processed in a third country, including, but not limited to, refining or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of this investigation if performed in the country of manufacture of the in-scope glycine or precursors of dried crystalline glycine. Glycine has the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number of 56-40-6. Glycine and glycine slurry are classified under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheading 2922.49.43.00. Sodium glycinate is classified in the HTSUS under 2922.49.80.00. While the HTSUS subheadings and CAS registry number are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

### Appendix II

### List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary

II. Background

III. Scope of Investigation

IV. Scope Comments

V. Changes from the Preliminary Determination

VI. Subsidies Valuation Information

VII. Analysis of Programs

- 1. Duty Drawback Program
- 2. Merchandise Export from India Scheme
- 3. Export Promotion of Capital Goods Scheme
- 4. Status Holder Incentive Scrip Scheme
- 5. Land for Less than Adequate Remuneration
- 6. State Government of Gujarat Water Supply Program

VIII. Discussion of the Issues

Comment 1: Commerce's Reliance on Past Determinations

Comment 2: Calculation of Kumar's Subsidy Rate

Comment 3: Land for Less Than Adequate Remuneration by the Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation

Comment 4: Duty Drawback Program Countervailability

Comment 5: Export Promotion of Capital Goods Scheme Countervailability

Comment 6: Status Holder Incentive Scrip Program Countervailability

Comment 7: Merchandise Exporter Incentive Scheme Countervailability

Comment 8: State Government of Gujarat Water Supply Program Countervailability

IX. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2019–08830 Filed 4–30–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## International Trade Administration [A-588-878]

### Glycine From Japan: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that glycine from Japan is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV) during the period of investigation (POI) January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017.

DATES: Applicable May 1, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Madeline Heeren or John McGowan,
AD/CVD Operations, Office VI,
Enforcement and Compliance,
International Trade Administration,
U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401
Constitution Avenue NW, Washington,
DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–9179 or
(202) 482–3019, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Background**

On October 31, 2018, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Determination* of sales at LTFV of glycine from Japan. A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the *Preliminary Determination*, as well as a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for this final determination, may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>2</sup>

Commerce exercised its discretion to toll all deadlines affected by the partial federal government closure from December 22, 2018, through the resumption of operations on January 29, 2019.<sup>3</sup> If the new deadline falls on a non-business day, in accordance with Commerce's practice, the deadline will

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Glycine from Japan: Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Postponement of Final Determination, 83 FR 54718 (October 31, 2018) (Preliminary Determination) and accompanying memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Glycine from Japan" (PDM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Glycine from Japan," dated concurrently with this determination and hereby adopted by this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Memorandum, "Deadlines Affected by the Partial Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated January 28, 2019. All deadlines in this segment of the proceeding have been extended by 40 days.