

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION
Washington

[AA1921-40]

TC Publication 140

September 29, 1964

WINDOW GLASS FROM THE U.S.S.R.

Determination of No Injury or Likelihood Thereof

On June 29, 1964, the Tariff Commission was advised by the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury that window glass, 16-ounce through 28-ounce thicknesses, from the U.S.S.R. is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value as that term is used in the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended. Accordingly, the Commission on that day instituted an investigation under section 201(a) of that act to determine whether an industry in the United States is being or is likely to be injured, or is prevented from being established, by reason of the importation of such merchandise into the United States.

Notice of the investigation was published in the Federal Register (29 F.R. 9546). The Commission did not order a public hearing, but referred interested parties to section 208.4 of its Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 208.4) which provides that they may, within 15 days after the date of publication of the Commission's notice of investigation in the Federal Register, request that a public hearing be held, stating reasons for the request. No request for a hearing was received.

In arriving at this determination, the Commission gave due consideration to all written statements submitted by interested parties and all information obtained by its staff.

On the basis of the investigation, the Commission has unani-
mously determined that an industry in the United States is not
being, and is not likely to be, injured, or prevented from being
established, by reason of the importation of window glass,
16-ounce through 28-ounce thicknesses, from the U.S.S.R., sold
at less than fair value within the meaning of the Antidumping
Act, 1921, as amended.

Statement of Reasons

U.S. imports of window glass^{1/} from the U.S.S.R. were
negligible in 1960, but they rose significantly thereafter.
In 1962 they accounted for 6 percent of the total imports of
such glass. At the close of that year, unsold warehouse stocks
of window glass from the U.S.S.R. in the United States were large.
While imports of window glass from the U.S.S.R. were virtually
nil in 1963, sales of such glass to U.S. users (largely from
warehouse) were materially larger in 1963 than in any previous
year. Entries of glass from the U.S.S.R. were at a considerably
lower annual rate during the first half of 1964 than during
1961-62.

^{1/} As used herein, the term "window glass" refers to sheet
glass weighing from 16 ounces to not more than 28 ounces per
square foot. Window glass is used predominantly for glazing
windows and doors.

In arriving at this determination, the Commission gave due consideration to all written statements submitted by interested parties and all information obtained by its staff.

On the basis of the investigation, the Commission has unambiguously determined that an industry in the United States is not being, and is not likely to be, injured, or prevented from being established, by reason of the importation of window glass, 16-ounce through 28-ounce thicknesses, from the U.S.S.R., sold at less than fair value within the meaning of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended.

Statement of Reasons

U.S. imports of window glass^{1/} from the U.S.S.R. were negligible in 1960, but they rose significantly thereafter. In 1962 they accounted for 6 percent of the total imports of such glass. At the close of that year, unsold warehouse stocks of window glass from the U.S.S.R. in the United States were large. While imports of window glass from the U.S.S.R. were virtually nil in 1963, sales of such glass to U.S. users (largely from warehouse) were materially larger in 1963 than in any previous year. Entries of glass from the U.S.S.R. were at a considerably lower annual rate during the first half of 1964 than during 1961-62.

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generally inferior quality of the glass from the U.S.S.R., together with ideological objections to its use, distinctly limit its consumption in the United States. Importers have experienced considerable difficulty in moving stocks in the past, and in all probability will continue to do so.

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This determination and statement of reasons are published pursuant to section 201(c) of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended.

By the Commission:



Donn N. Bent
Secretary