PROCESSED MUSHROOMS: U.S. PRODUCERS' PRODUCTION, SALES, AND INVENTORIES, AND U.S. IMPORTS, EXPORTS, AND APPARENT CONSUMPTION FOURTEENTH QUARTERLY REPORT: SECOND CALENDAR QUARTER 1981

Report to the President on Investigation No. 332-84 Under Section 332 of the Tariff Act of 1930

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UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

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HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FOURTEENTH QUARTERLY REPORT ON PROCESSED MUSHROOMS For the second quarter of 1981, domestic production of canned mushrooms, sales by domestic producers, and imports all decreased compared with the same quarter a year earlier. During the second quarter of 1981 domestic production totaled 30.0 million pounds; sales by producers, 21.4 million pounds; and imports, 25.3 million pounds. On a percentage basis, the changes between second quarter periods of 1980 and 1981 for these categories amounted to decreases of 14 percent, 19 percent and 31 percent in output, sales, and imports, respectively. The decline in sales of domestic canned mushrooms reflects, in part, a significant increase in the producer price index of such mushrooms and an uptrend in demand for fresh mushrooms. The reduction in imports reflects the temporary rate of duty increase imposed on prepared or preserved mushrooms which became effective on November 1, 1980, pursuant to Presidential action. This action was taken under provisions of the Trade Act of 1974 following a U.S. International Trade Commission determination that imports of prepared or preserved mushrooms are a substantial cause of serious injury, or the threat thereof, to the domestic industry. The decline in sales of domestic producers and imports was followed by a 22 percent drop in apparent consumption to 52.2 million pounds in April-June 1981, compared with the same months in 1980. Second quarter 1981 imports were equivalent to 48 percent of consumption, compared with 55 percent in the same quarter a year earlier. Sales of frozen mushrooms, at 5.6 million pounds in the second quarter of 1981, were 42 percent more than in the corresponding period of 1980.

Taiwan had been the principal supplier of imported mushrooms in recent years, but during the second quarter of 1981 its position fell behind that of the People's Republic of China (China) and Hong Kong; the other major supplier is the Republic of Korea (Korea). Between April-June of 1980 and 1981 Taiwan's share of the imports dropped from 48 to 24 percent while China's jumped from 8 to 27 percent and Hong Kong's rose from 20 to 27 percent. The share of total imports from Korea dropped from 19 to 16 percent. China, which was granted most-favored-nation status on February 1, 1980, was the only major supplier of imported mushrooms to register a gain (they more than doubled) during April-June 1981 compared with the corresponding period of 1980.

The performance of the processed mushroom industry in the second quarter is indicative of the industry's performance for the most recent marketing year (July 1980-June 1981). Production, imports, and apparent consumption all declined compared with the preceding marketing year (1979/80), with the ratio of imports to consumption declining from 52 to 45 percent. In the most recent year, domestic production totaled 100.4 million pounds and imports, 96.5 million pounds. On a percentage basis, these figures indicate decreases from the preceding year of 3 percent for domestic production and 15 percent for imports. Apparent consumption correspondingly fell 3 percent to 213.1 million pounds. Sales of canned mushrooms increased 4 percent to 99.5 million pounds in 1980/81. In regard to frozen mushrooms, sales in 1980/81 reached 17.5 million pounds, an increase of 59 percent from 1979/80. In 1980/81, sales of frozen mushrooms were equivalent to 18 percent of canned mushroom sales, up from 12 percent in 1980/81.

A REPORT OF CERTAIN QUARTERLY STATISTICS FOR PROCESSED MUSHROOMS FOR SPECIFIED PERIODS

(The information provided in this report was compiled by the United States International Trade Commission as requested by the President in accordance with section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1332(g)), in order to monitor import competition in the domestic market for processed mushrooms. Data included herein cover the stocks, production, and sales of U.S. producers of canned mushrooms, sales of U.S. processors of frozen mushrooms, imports under item 144.20 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States, exports, and apparent consumption.)

	(In thousan	basis)			
Item :	April-June				
	1980	1981		July 1, 1979- June 30, 1980	July 1, 1980- June 30, 1981
:			•		е _{М.} – Э. П. У.
Carry-in stocks of canned mush- :	20 016	18,636	: 21,389	20,044	20 1/0
rooms:	20,010	10,030	21,309	20,044	28,140
Carry-out stocks of canned : mushrooms: :					
9 ounces or less:	S. S. S. S.				
Whole:	1,755	417	. 765	1,755	417
Sliced:	2,679				
Other:	16,831				
Total:	and the submer division of the submer divisio			and the second of the second se	
Over 9 ounces:	21,265	22,856	15,750	21,265	22,856
Whole:	157	64	: 129	157	64
Sliced:	2,457				
					and the second sec
Other:	4,261				
Total:	6,875				
Total carry-out stocks:	28,140	28,751	: 20,044	: 28,140	28,751
Production of canned mushrooms: :		2 y 2			
9 ounces or less: :	1 (((627		. / 901	2,741
Whole:	1,666		A second s		
Sliced:	2,769				
Other:	17,065				
Total:	21,500	: 18,380	: 58,613	: 60,353	04,449
Over 9 ounces: :	0.5	:	:	1 010	201
Whole:	85	-			
Sliced:	6,104				
Other:_	7,051				
Total:	13,240				
Total production:	34,740	: 30,026	: 90,274	: 103,506	100,361
•		:	:	:	

See footnotes at end of table.

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	April-June		: Marketing year		
Item :	1980	: : 1981 :		July 1, 1979- June 30, 1980	
Sales:	1	:	:	:	NII 72
Canned mushrooms: :				• •	
9 ounces or less: :		•	•		
Whole:	930	: 1,048	4,327	3,919	4,080
Sliced:	2,045				
Other:	12,815	•			
Tota1:	15,790	the state of the s			
Over 9 ounces: :	20,000	:	:	:	00,020
Whole:	82	: 116	: 670	: 386 :	369
Sliced:	5,799			: 11,349 :	19,135
Other:	4,913				
Tota1:	10,794				
Total sales, canned:	26,584				
Frozen mushrooms 1/:	3,923	and the second sec	Vertex Dispersion		2007
xports:	187	: 85	: 577	: 662 :	
imports from :		:	:		
Taiwan:	17,464	: 6,085	42,128	: 61,287 :	39,448
Hong Kong:	7,507	Sector State Sector State Sector Sector State Sector Secto	: 12,613	and the second se	100 L
People's Republic of China:	2,978			: 4,275 :	20,214
Republic of Korea:	7,033			: 25,925 :	
All other:	1,665	: 1,526	: 4,414	: 4,570 :	4,185
Total:	36,647	: 25,328	: 86,207	: 113,609 :	96,503
Apparent consumption 2/:	66,967			: 219,484 :	213,121
Ratio of imports to consump- :		:	:	: :	
tionpercent:	55	: 48	: 47	: 52 :	45
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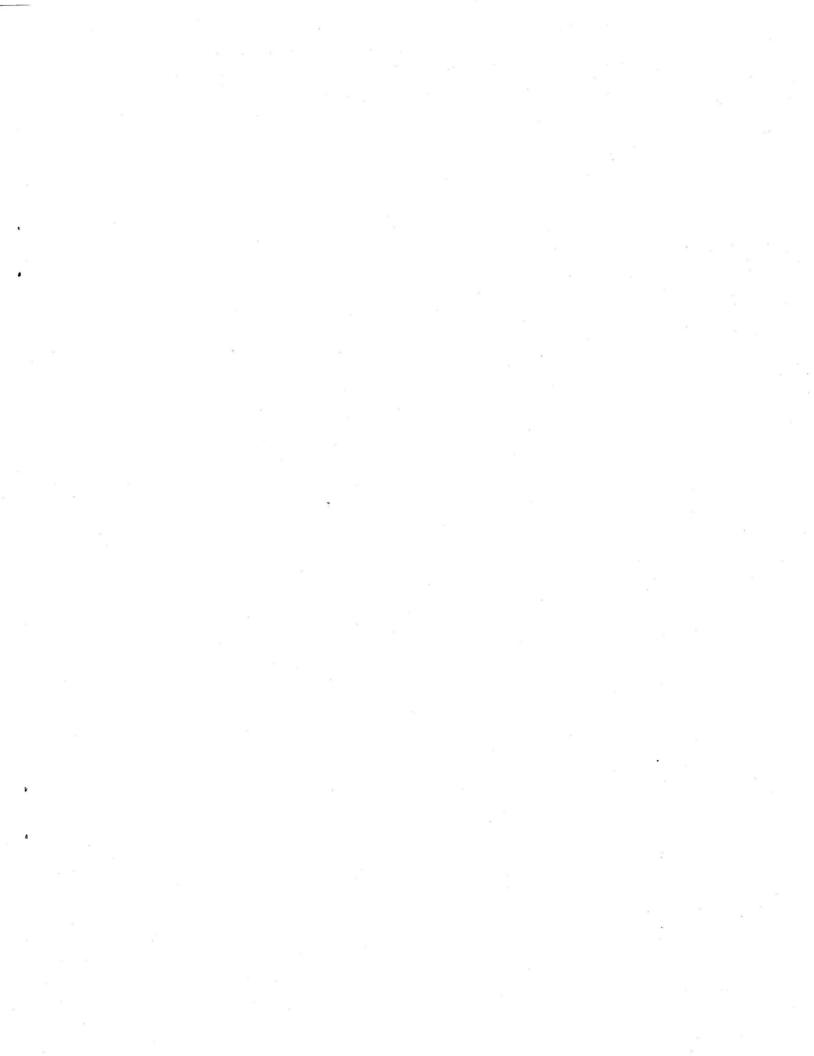
(In thousands of pounds, drained-weight basis)

1/ Data on frozen mushrooms converted to drained-weight equivalents.

 $\overline{2}$ / Data do not take into account disappearance from losses or waste of domestic canners or changes in stocks of producers of canned or frozen mushrooms or importers.

Source: Stocks, production, and sales were estimated from data submitted in response to questionnaires of the U.S. International Trade Commission; exports and imports were compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note .-- Data on stocks, production, and sales may not add because of losses.



UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20436

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